

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

2-5, 1902. The resolution was introduced by Doctor Reynolds, health commissioner of Chicago, and adopted unanimously:

Whereas typhoid fever and Asiatic cholera are caused by swallowing food or drink contaminated by the discharges of previous cases; therefore be it

Resolved, That it be recognized by this conference that if all the discharges of every existing case of typhoid fever and Asiatic cholera were instantly disinfected typhoid fever and Asiatic cholera would cease to be a menace to the world.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.]

INSPECTION SERVICE, MEXICAN BORDER.

Inspection at Eagle Pass, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hume reports as follows:

	Week ended Aug. 12, 1905.
Persons inspected on trains Persons held.	$^{128}_{0}$

Inspection at El Paso, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Alexander reports as follows:

Week ended August 12, 1905, inspection of Mexican Central passengers, 262; inspection of Mexican Central immigrants, 86; inspection of Arabs arriving on Mexican Central, 5; disinfection of soiled linen imported for laundry work, 422 pieces; vaccination of children of immigrants, 3.

Inspection at Laredo, Tex.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Hamilton reports as follows:

Week ended August 12, 1905. Passenger trains entered from Mexico inspected, 14; persons on passenger trains entered from Mexico inspected, 654; immigrants on passenger trains entered from Mexico inspected, 64; immigrants vaccinated upon entry from Mexico, 12; one person 3 days out from Isthmus of Tehuantepec via Tierra Blanca, Mexico, detained until complete necessary period from infected place.

One person 2 days out from Tierra Blanca, Mexico, detained until

complete necessary time from infected place.

There are at present very few mosquitoes at this place, owing, I believe, to the high temperature that has been prevailing here for the past two or three weeks.

STATISTICAL REPORTS OF STATES AND CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES, YEARLY AND MONTHLY.

California—San Diego.—Month of July, 1905. Estimated population, 25,000. Total number of deaths, 92, including 7 from tuberculosis.